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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/797,651	03/10/2004	Miao Zhu	10030988-1	4197	
7590 09/08/2006 AGILENT TECHNOLOGIES, INC.			EXAMINER SINES, BRIAN J		
P.O. Box 7599			1743		
Loveland, CO	80537-0599		DATE MAILED: 09/08/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/797,651	ZHU, MIAO					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Brian J. Sines	1743					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence ad	ldress				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed n the mailing date of this c ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 6/19/	2006.						
·- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	action is non-final.						
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closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 1-34 is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>19-21</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-18 and 22-34</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment(s)	_						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application							
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:						

Application/Control Number: 10/797,651

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Art Unit: 1743

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 1 – 18 and 22 – 34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lee et al. (U.S. Pat. No. 6,905,586 B2) (hereinafter "Lee") in view of Flory (U.S. Pat. No. 2004/0144658) (hereinafter "Flory").

Regarding claims 1 – 18 and 22 – 34, Lee teaches an apparatus and methodology for sequencing polymer molecules, such as for performing DNA and/or RNA sequencing using nanoelectrode-gated tunneling current measurements. Lee teaches an apparatus comprising: a pair of detection nanoelectrodes (45 & 46); tunneling/dielectric molecular detection system (67); electrophoresis means (63) (see col. 7, line 30 – col. 14, line 4; figures 6 and 7). Lee does teach the use of tunneling current for each DNA nucleotide base passing through the detection gate in order to sequence DNA molecules (see, e.g., col. 9, line 26 – col. 10, line 67). Lee does teach the

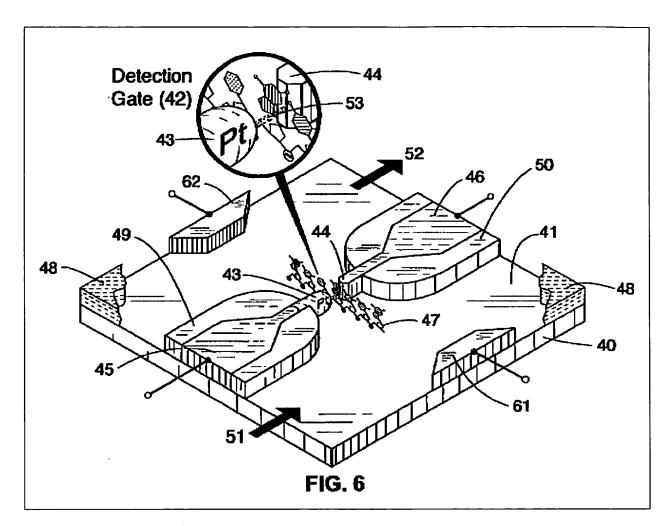
Art Unit: 1743

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use of a tunneling biased voltage (see, e.g., col. 8, lines 13 - 25). Lee does not specifically teach implementing a fixed bias voltage across the pair of nanoelectrodes, wherein the bias voltage corresponds to an energy difference between any two internal energy levels of a molecule of interest.

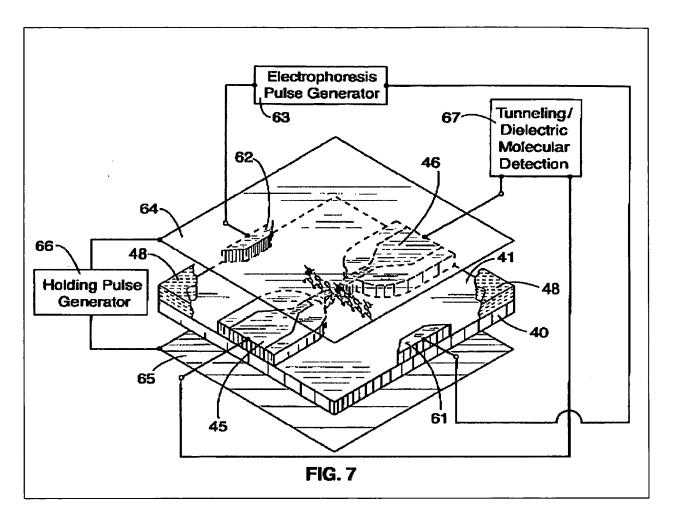
Flory teaches an apparatus and method for biopolymer identification during translocation through a nanopore using a biasing voltage potential (see, e.g., paragraph 33). Flory teaches a similar device structure comprising: a pair of electrodes (7 & 9) encircling a nanopore (3); and a signal detection means and signal generator (11) for detecting and sequencing a biopolymer (5) (see, e.g., paragraphs 36 – 45; figures 1A – 3B). Flory teaches the modulating or changing of a bias voltage during operation (see, e.g., paragraphs 33 and 34). The use of a modulation waveform is well known in the art as a technique for modulating voltage. Flory teaches the use of a comparison database for sequence determination (see paragraph 61). Flory teaches the scanning of the energy level structure of each monomer as it translocates the pore (see paragraph 47). Flory teaches the implementation of resonant tunneling (see, e.g., paragraphs 26 and 47 – 62). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to incorporate the use of an initial fixed and a subsequently modulated bias voltage with the disclosed system and apparatus as claimed.

Art Unit: 1743



Application/Control Number: 10/797,651

Art Unit: 1743



Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to the present claims have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Brian J. Sines whose telephone number is (571) 272-1263. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday (11 AM - 8 PM EST).

Page 6

Art Unit: 1743

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jill A. Warden can be reached on (571) 272-1267. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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